

EUROPEAN WOMEN'S NETWORK AGAINST SEXUAL VIOLENCE presents you Prof. Slobodan Savić from Serbia, our member of Ethics Committee

Monday, January 16, 2023 from 14.00 to16.30 (CET)

LECTURE: CRIMINAL OFFENCES AGAINST SEXUAL FREEDOM WITH A SPECIAL EMPHASIZE ON SEXUAL VIOLENCE AGAINST CHILDREN

Prof. Slobodan Savic, MD, PhD, has been a permanent court expert for the field of forensic medicine, certified Swedish specialist in forensic medicine. For decades he worked at the Institute of Forensic Medicine in Belgrade as well as a full time professor at the Belgrade University School of Medicine for the subject of Forensic Medicine (head of teaching staff in English) and as a lecturer in Legal Medicine at the Faculty of Law. For over a decade, Slobodan served as a member and the president of the Republic of Serbia Government Ethics Committee.

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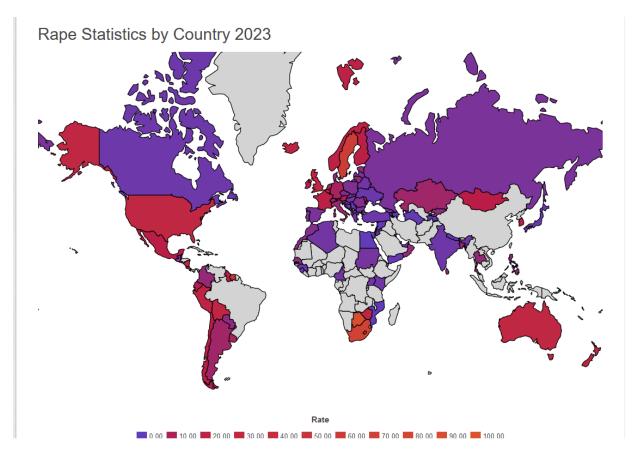
- Significance and general characteristic of criminal offences against sexual freedom
- Sexual violence against children
- Criminal offences against sexual freedom in the Republic of Serbia Criminal Code
- Proving of criminal offences against sexual freedom in investigation and criminal procedure
- Physical examination of victims extragenital and genital injuries
- Physical examination of offenders
- Significance of detection, identification and forensic analysis of biological traces
- Significance of chemical toxicology analysis
- Case studies from expertise practice
- Q & A

References

- 1. Rape Statistics by Country 2023, World Population Review <u>https://worldpopulationreview.com/country-rankings/rape-</u> <u>statistics-by-country</u>
- 2. Sexual violence against children UNICEF <u>https://www.unicef.org/protection/sexual-violence-against-children</u>
- 3. Veljković S. Sexual Offences. In: Forensic Medicine, textbook for medical students. Savic S. ed. School of Medicine, University of Belgrade, 2002; 121-6.
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Sexual violence knows no boundaries

It is **ubiquitous** - present in every culture, in every social class and in every country in the world, with different frequency

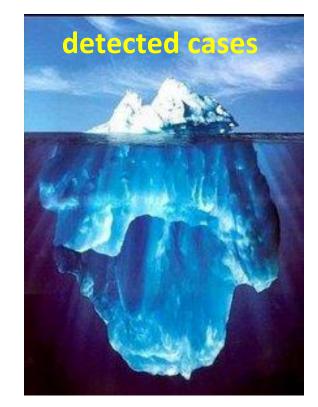


A significant majority of victims are women, but men and children of both sexes may also be victims of sexual violence

The most frequent perpetrators of sexual violence are men

In about 50% of cases, the victim and the perpetrator (or at least one of the perpetrators) knew each other beforehand (this percentage is even higher in cases of sexual abuse of children)

Accurate statistics regarding rape are notoriously difficult to obtain Rape goes grossly underreported in many countries detected cases the tip of the iceberg

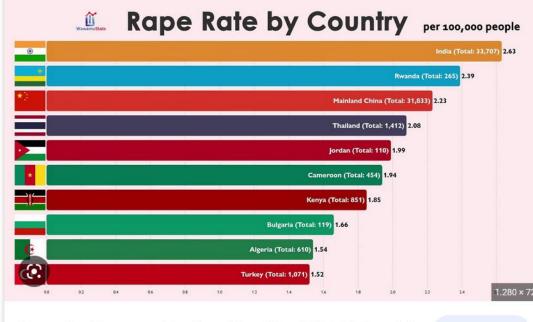


Although these crimes are subject to mandatory reporting - a large number of cases of sexual violence remain unreported - the victim does not report it Reasons for this decision:

- embarrassment, victim shaming
- fear of reprisal from the rapist
- fear of how the victim's own family will react

Many countries' laws against sexual assault are insufficient, inconsistent, or not regularly enforced. This can leave the victim convinced that getting law enforcement involved will do no good, and in some cases could actually make things worse instead of better (long lasting court procedures – secondary victimization)

- It is estimated that approximately 35% of women worldwide have experienced sexual harassment in their lifetime
- In more than one-third of countries, at least 5% of young women reported experiences of sexual violence in childhood



Countries Compared by Rape Rate (Per 100,000 People) Гледајте

However, in most countries with data available on rape (including the U.S.), fewer than 40% of those women seek help - and fewer than 10% seek assistance from law enforcement

In Serbia, of all reported cases of sexual violence, in approximately 10% to 30% an indictment and court proceedings are brought against the perpetrator



Bearing in mind that not all cases of sexual violence are reported and that is difficult to prove them in court proceedings, it follows that a significant number of perpetrators of these acts never receive the appropriate and deserved legal punishment

 In the U.S., for instance, it is estimated that only 9% of rapists are prosecuted, and only 3% spend time in prison

97% OF RAPISTS WALK FREE

децембру, у лифту зграде у Источној капији Београда, на Коњарнику, више од сата иживљавао над А. Г. (45), а побегао је кад је један од станара чуо буку.

Нападач је дошао у зграду двадесетак минута пре злочина. Ушао је у лифт и возио се горе-доле све док на 12. спрату није ушла А. Г. Према незваничним информацијама, на 10. спрату он је заглавио лифт, а затим се окренуо према жртви и рекао јој: "Мало сам попио, морам неког да силујем!"

Жена је покушала да се одбрани, али ју је нападач оборио на под. Није теже повређена, али је претрпела велики шок. Б.В.



Снимак силоватеља испред лифта

Footage of the rapist in front of the elevator He sexually abused A.G. (45) for more than an hour, ran away when one of the tenants heard the noise

SEXUAL VIOLENCE AGAINST CHILDREN

- One of the most unsettling of children's rights violations. As such, it is the subject of dedicated international legal instruments aimed at protecting children against its multiple forms.
- Acts of sexual violence, which often occur together and with other forms of violence, can range from direct physical contact to unwanted exposure to sexual language and images.
- 'Sexual violence' is often used as an umbrella term to cover all types of sexual victimization.
- Children of every age may be victims of sexual abuse, and girls are particularly vulnerable.

SEXUAL VIOLENCE AGAINST CHILDREN

- Every year, millions of girls and boys around the world face sexual abuse and exploitation.
- At least 120 million girls under the age of 20 about 1 in 10 – have been forced to engage in sex or perform other sexual acts, although the actual figure is likely much higher.
- Children may be subjected to sexual abuse or exploitation at home, at school or in their community.
- The widespread use of digital technologies can also put children at risk.

SEXUAL VIOLENCE AGAINST CHILDREN

Many victims of sexual violence, including millions of boys, never tell anyone.



- Most often, abuse occurs at the hands of someone a child knows and trusts.
- Roughly 90% of adolescent girls who report forced sex say that their first perpetrator was someone they knew, usually a boyfriend or a husband.

CRIMINAL OFFENCES AGAINST SEXUAL FREEDOM IN THE REPUBLIC OF SERBIA CRIMINAL CODE

Article 178. Rape

Article 179. Copulation with a Helpless Person

Article 180. Copulation with a Child

Article 181. Sexual Intercourse through Abuse of Position

- Article 182. Prohibited Sexual Acts
- Article 182a. Sexual harassment
- Article 183. Procurement of Sexual Services
- Article 184. Mediation in Prostitution

CRIMINAL OFFENCES AGAINST SEXUAL FREEDOM IN THE REPUBLIC OF SERBIA CRIMINAL CODE Article 185. Exhibition, Procurement and Possession of Pornographic Materials and Exploiting **Juveniles for Pornography** Article 185a. Incitement of Minors to Attend Sexual Acts Article 185b. Abuse of Computer Networks or other **Technical Communication Means for Committing Criminal Offences against** Sexual Freedom of Juveniles

Sexual act

voluntary - with the conscious and deliberate consent of both partners (excluding children)



 violent - against the will of one of the partners an important characteristic of these acts is that sexual contacts are made without the victim's consent, either with or without her active opposition and resistance



RAPE

An unlawful act that involves sexual intercourse carried out forcibly or under threat of injury against a person's will

Unlawful means **without valid consent** for sexual intercourse, either because the person did not give any consent at all, or because her consent was invalid (she was too young, or her mental state was deficient).

Article 178. Rape

1) Whoever by using of force or a threat of direct attack against at person's body or the body of another forces that person to copulation or an equivalent act, shall be punished with imprisonment of from three to twelve years.

According to the current Criminal Code of the RS, both the victim and the perpetrator of rape can be female or male (in earlier versions, the victim was exclusively a woman, and the perpetrator was a man) It is an indisputable fact that in the vast majority of cases of rape, the victim is a woman and the

perpetrator is a man

Copulation

insertion of the penis into the vagina ejaculation of semen is not relevant

Equivalent act to copulation

all actions by which the perpetrator satisfies his sexual urge on the body of another person in a manner **similar to sexual intercourse**: penetration of the penis into the mouth or anus, penetration into the mouth or anus with other parts of the body (tongue, finger/fingers), penetration into these body openings with an object; contact of the perpetrator's mouth with the victim's genitals

Coercion - by application

- force
- threat

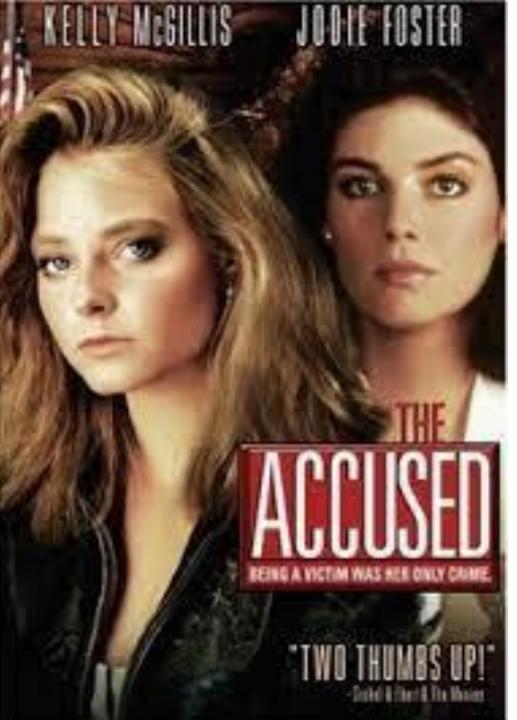


Use of force - in various ways

slapping, hitting, squeezing, knocking down, trampling, etc.

The alleged contribution of the victim to the rape is often mentioned, as a kind of justification - lascivious and challenging behavior, "what she was looking for in his apartment"...







Accused



Use of force - disabling the victim

- physical tying, holding, blows to the head that cause unconsciousness
- psychological administration of alcohol, drugs and medicines (psychoactive substances) - drug facilitated sexual assault

Artice 112. Criminal Code

(12) Force shall also mean use of hypnosis or means of intoxication with the objective to bring someone against his will into a state of unconsciousness or make powerless to resist.

silovatelj iz leskovca napao u zaječaru Drogirao, pa silovao nepokretnu devojku

Pokretnu Zaječarku T. D. (31) silovao je muškarac star oko 50 godina, a silovatelj je prethodno devojku, njenu majku i očuha uspavao narkotikom koji je sipao u sok od narandže.

SUZANA BOŽINOVIĆ Zaječar

Silovanje se dogodilo 5. decembra 2012, ali je zaječarska policija istragu silovanja otvorila tek preksinoć. Sanja Dimitrijević, portparol zaječarske policije, navodi da se istražuje da li je u istrazi o silovanju bilo eventualnih propusta službenika MUP-a. O svemu govori majka (54)

silovane devojke M. D., koja teško hoda i sa porodicom živi od socijalne pomoći.

 Tek preksinoć su policajci odveli ćerku na ginekološki pregled, dva meseca posle silovanja - ogorčena je majka. Silovatelj je toga dana, oko 19 sati, pozvao M. D. i predstavio se kao Zoran Jovanović, vojni policajac, koji je tek premešten iz Niša, pa bi da svrati,



POKRAO I STANODAVCA

Na identičan način nedavno je pokraden i stanodavac iz Zaječara. On je dao oglas da izdaje stan, a prevarant je došao, glurnio da je zainteresovan, a u ruci je nosio sok sa narkotikom. Kada je vlasnik stana zaspao, ukrao mu je telefon, laptop, novac i nakit. Vlasnik stana je spavao punih 36 sati. upozna se sa njima jer ovde nema nikoga.

- Stavi za kafu. Dolazim kazao je "vojni policajac", i nakon 15 minuta se pojavio na kućnom pragu porodice T. D. noseći kafu i sok od narandže.

Upoznali su se s neznancem nja žrtava, za koga su verovali da je novi 10 godina.

komšija. Zatim je silovatelj ponudio sok radi "boljeg upoznavanja". Pričao im je da je usamljen, da su mu potrebni prijatelji... Ali, zbog narkotika u soku cela porodica je zaspala. Probudili su se tek u osam ujutru.

 Otvorila sam oči, a kapci mi teški. Bila sam u krevetu, a uspavao me je dok sam sedela sama u kolicima kraj stola.
 Bila sam polugola. Krevet u neredu. Znala sam da me je silovao - govori Tatjana.

Lažni vojnik je iz kuće ukrao mobilne telefone, kašike, tanjire, viljuške, 5.000 dinara, odneo je čak i porodičnu ikonu. Ukućani su odmah pozvali policiju.

 Došla su dvojica uniformisanih policajaca. Nisu čak ni uvidaj izvršili. Nisu hteli ni posteljinu da odnesu, da ćerku odvedu na pregled kod ginekologa – navodi majka.

Policija je, međutim, tek preksinoć došla u kuću silovane devojke. Poneli su fotografiju osumnjičenog, a ukućani su ga prepoznali. Ovaj napasnik iz okoline Leskovca, koji je zbog krada počinjenih posle omamljivanja žrtava, u zatvoru je proveo 10 godina.

He drugged and then raped an immobile girl

epokretnu Zaječarku T. D. (31) silovao je muškarac star oko 50 godina, a silovatelj je prethodno devojku, njenu majku i očuha uspavao narkotikom koji je sipao u sok od narandže

A motionless woman (31) was raped by a man aged around 50 years, the rapist previously put the girl and her mother and stepfather to sleep with a narcotic that he poured into orange juice

Use of the threat

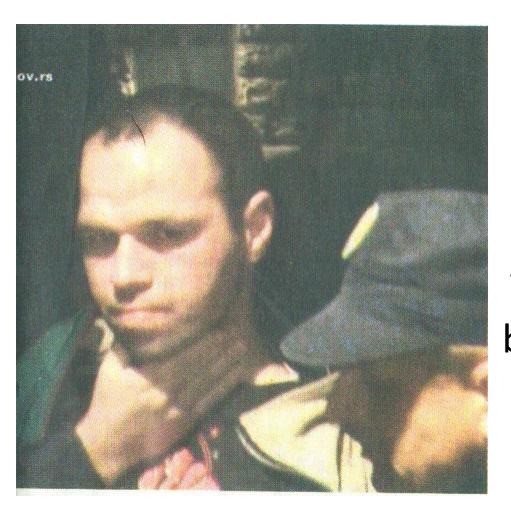
- Obvious and imminent danger that the abuser poses to the life and body of the victim or a person close to her
- The aim of the threat is to frighten the victim so that she does not resist

The absence of injuries on the body of the victim and the attacker does not rule out rape

Use of the threat

- assessment of the existence and character of the danger is within the jurisdiction of the court
 - psychiatric examination of the victim
 - circumstances of the case (finding the knife)





17.12.2009. Saša Mega (30) was arrested on suspicion of intercepting girls and forcing them to have sex by threatening them with a knife. A knife was found with

him.

Article 178. Rape

(3) If the offence referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 of this Article resulted in grievous **bodily harm** to the person against whom the offence was committed, or if the offence is committed by more than one person, or in a particularly cruel or particularly humiliating manner, or against a juvenile, or the act resulted in **pregnancy**, the offender shall be punished with imprisonment of from five to fifteen years.

QUALIFIED (SERIOUS) FORMS OF CRIMINAL OFFENSE OF RAPE

Qualified (serious) forms of the criminal offense of rape

- serious bodily injury to a rape victim
- committed by several persons
- a particularly cruel or particularly humiliating manner
- against a minor a person who has reached the age of 14 but has not reached the age of 18
- pregnancy of the victim

5 to 15 years in prison

децембру, у лифту зграде у Источној капији Београда, на Коњарнику, више од сата иживљавао над А. Г. (45), а побегао је кад је један од станара чуо буку.

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Footage of the rapist in front of the elevator He sexually abused A.G. (45) for more than an hour, ran away when one of the tenants heard the noise

"Politika" 25.05.2010.



Миломир Ненадовић

Серијски силоватељ добио 20 година затвора

Виши суд у Београду осудио је јуче на 20 година затвора Миломира Ненадовића, одговорног за силовање у лифту зграде у Устаничкој улици у Београду у децембру прошле године, стоји у извештају Танјуга.

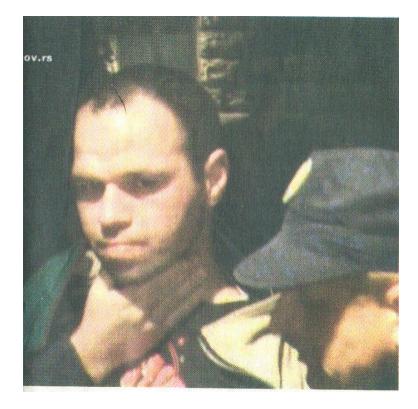
Ненадовићу је изречена јединствена казна затвора од 20 година због "силовања на понижавајући начин", два покушаја силовања и једне крађе. Пресудом судског већа продужен му је притвор, а осуђени има право жалбе у року од 15 дана од пријема писаног отправка пресуде.

Кривичним закоником Србије, за силовање је запрећена казна од две до 15 година затвора, а недавним изменама закона установљено је правило да судови не могу да изричу казне испод законског минимума.

Подсетимо, осуђени се прошле године, у

Ненадовићу је изречена јединствена казна затвора од 20 година због "силовања на понижавајући начин", два покушаја силовања и једне крађе. Пресудом судског ве-

Serial rapist sentenced to 20 years in prison sentence for one rape in a humiliating manner, two attempted rapes and one theft



Disputed attitude of the judiciary inadequately small sentences

17.12.2009. Saša Mega (30) was arrested on suspicion of intercepting girls and forcing them to have sex by use of knife. A knife was found with him. Multiple returnee in the commission of this criminal act He committed the first rape in 1996 at the age of 17, in 1999 he repeated the same crime, and in 2004 he was sentenced to 4 years in prison for rape in a brutal and humiliating manner (previously the sentence was from 3 to 15 years in prison).

Саша Мега у притвору

Окружни суд у Београду одредио је јуче притвор до 30 дана Саши Меги (30) из Београда, осумњиченом за четири силовања у главном граду. За разлику од исказа датог полицији, у коме је признао сва силовања која му се стављају на терет, Мега је јуче на саслушању код истражног судије променио исказ и признао да је 21. децембра силовао М. Г. (21) у Делиградској улици у центру Београда, а два дана касније и Ј. Ј. (20) у Херцеговачкој улици код Главне железничке станице у Београду. ма, Мега је признао и да се сексуално иживљавао над једном женом на Дорћолу и у близини Панчевачког моста, а негирао да је силовао жену у Новом Београду, за шта га полиција сумњичи. Мега се на саслушању код истражног судије правдао да је био пијан и да се не сећа детаља силовања.

Кривичним закоником Србије за силовање је запрећена казна од две до 15 година затвора, а недавним изменама закона установљено је правило да судови не могу да изричу казне испод законског минимума. М.А.

Према незваничним информација-

Батић: Хемијска кастрација је решење

Посланик Демохришћанске странке Србије Владан Батић најавио је јуче да ће предложити Скупштини да се по хитном поступку измени Кривични законик увођењем хемијске кастрације за вишеструке силоватеље и педофиле. Батић тврди да је потребно направити и јавно објавити регистар силоватеља и педофила, а "повратницима уградити микрочипове да би се пратило њихово кретање". Он је навео да се такве казне примењују и у развијеним земљама и да су, на пример у Америци, силоватељи често осуђивани на доживотну робију. Бета

Погубљен сабљом због силовања

Јеменски држављанин осуђен на смрт одсецањем главе јер је признао да је крив за силовање најмање две жене

Ријад – Један Јеменац, који је признао да је крив за силовање, погубљен је јуче у региону Џеде, саопштило је саудијско министарство полиције. Јеменски држављанин осуђен је јер је силом био упао у једну кућу где је силовао супругу једног Саудијца кога је претукао, као и зато што је силовао још једну жену, навело је министарство у саопштењу, додајући да се ради о "повратнику", односно да је Јеменац и раније починио силовања.

Јеменац је погубљен одсецањем главе сабљом. Његовим погубљењем број осуђених на смрт у Саудијској Арабији од почетка године попео се на 67.

Прошле године у тој земљи погубљене су 102 особе, а 2007. погубљено их је 153.

Силовање, убиство, издаја, кријумчарење дроге и крађа уз употребу оружја су у Саудијској Арабији злочини за које је запрећена смртна казна. Бета-АФП

Ideas about chemical castration of returning rapists

Executed by saber for rape



Article 178. Rape

(4) If the offence referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 of this Article results in the death of the person against whom it was committed or is committed against a child, the offender shall be punished with <u>imprisonment of a</u> <u>minimum of ten years or life imprisonment</u>.

Qualified (serious) forms of the criminal offense of rape

- serious bodily injury to a rape victim
- committed by several persons
- a particularly cruel or particularly humiliating manner
- against a minor a person who has reached the age of 14 but has not reached the age of 18
- pregnancy of the victim 5 to 15 years in prison
- against a child a person who has not reached the age of 14
- **death** of the victim

at least 10 years in prison or LIFE IMPRISONMENT

Authorities in India have officially brought charges against five men for the **brutal gang rape** of a 23-year-old woman who was attacked along with her husband on a bus in New Delhi on December 16, brutally raped and died due to the sustained injuries a few days later. Authorities say they will seek the **death** penalty. The sixth attacker is under the age of 18 and will be tried in juvenile court. In protests across India, protesters demanded tougher rape laws, police reform and a change in attitudes towards women in society.



The importance of a medical examination to prove the qualified form

- serious bodily injury qualification
- particularly cruel or particularly humiliating manner - character of injuries
- against a minor or a child estimation of the victim's age (often in the case of victims of human trafficking)
- pregnancy determination of pregnancy
- death of the victim forensic autopsy

Sexual violence results in severe physical, psychological and social harm.

- Victims experience an increased risk of HIV and other sexually transmitted infections, pain, illness, unwanted pregnancy, social isolation and psychological trauma (depression, posttraumatic stress disorder, suicidal tendencies).
- Some victims may resort to risky behaviours like substance abuse to cope with trauma.
- As child victims reach adulthood, sexual violence can reduce their ability to care for themselves and others.

In women who are victims of rape, there is a **risk** of unwanted pregnancy if the woman was in the reproductive period and does not use adequate contraception, and if during regular monthly cycles violence occurred around half of the cycle with genital contact between the victim and the assailant and ejaculation

- postcoital contraception
- pregnancy test and monitoring

Rape combined with other crimes

- physical injuries
- murder ordinary or qualified
 - common ways:
 - **smothering** (pressure of the hand on the nose and mouth)
 - **throttling** (squeezing of the neck with a hand or hands)



S 874/94 **Unknown killer** saleswoman (41) combined asphyxiation death: smothering and throttling sperm found in vagina and on thigh skin

Article 179. Copulation with a Helpless Person

(1) Whoever **copulates** with another or commits an equivalent act by taking advantage of such person's mental illness, mental retardation or other mental disorder, incapacity or some other state of that person due to which the person is incapable of resistance, shall be punished with imprisonment of five to twelve years.

Taking advantage of the victim's powerlessness, which makes her unable to resist there is no mention of the use of force

Taking advantage of the victim's powerlessness

- mental illness
- retarded mental development
- other mental disorder temporary mental disorder (influence of alcohol and drugs partying)



Taking advantage of the victim's powerlessness

- physical infirmity palsy, comatose state
- any other condition due to which the person is incapable of resistance



Medico-legal expertise

- determination of rape or an act equivalent to it
 as in the case of rape
- objective determination of the mental and/or physical weakness of the victim - psychiatric and physical examination
- whether the perpetrator could or had to notice that the person was in a state in which sexual contact with him was prohibited

Article 180. Copulation with a Child

(1) Whoever copulates with a child or commits an equivalent act against that child shall be punished with <u>imprisonment from five to</u> <u>twelve years</u>.

(2) If the offence referred to in paragraph 1 of this Article results in **grievous bodily harm** to the child against whom the act was committed, or if the act committed by **several persons**, or the act resulted in **pregnancy**, the offender shall be punished with **imprisonment of from five to fifteen years**.

(3) If the offence referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 resulted in the **death** of the child, the offender shall be punished with **imprisonment of a minimum of ten years or life imprisonment.**

Article 112. CC RS

(8) A person who has not reached the age of fourteen is considered a child.

(9) A minor is a person who has reached the age of fourteen, but has not reached the age of eighteen.

(10) A person under the age of eighteen is considered a minor person.

- A child is considered a person who has not reached the age of 14
- Copulation with a child even without the use of force
- Due to physical underdevelopment, children are unable to resist and due to mental immaturity, they are unaware of their actions

ANY SEXUAL ACT WITH A CHILD (VOLUNTARY OR FORCED) IS A CRIMINAL OFFENSE

- It is important to emphasize that in small children, whose growth and full anatomical formation of the sexual organs have not yet been completed, attempts to fully penetrate the vagina or anus with the penis, even when the attacker did not apply force, most often lead to visible and significant injuries due to the disproportion in size between the penis of the attacker and the body openings of the child.
- In precocious girls who look older the usual question during the court procedure is whether the defendant could have known her age

76-year-old Roman Polanski was arrested on September 26, 2009. on the basis of an American warrant while arriving at the film festival in Zurich, where he was supposed to receive a lifetime achievement award.



Polanski was tried in the US in 1978 for having sex with a 13-year-old girl, but fled before the verdict.

The US is demanding that Polanski be extradited for a crime that carries a maximum sentence of two years in prison under US law.

In the CC of Serbia up to 12 years

PROVING CRIMINAL OFFENSES AGAINST SEXUAL FREEDOM IN COURT PROCEEDINGS

Proving sexual assault

Circumstances of the case - investigative actions

Examination of the victim

 Identification and examination of the perpetrator(s)

Tasks of clinical forensic examination of victims of crimes against sexual freedom

- Determination and documentation of physical injuries - description, photography, classification, qualification
- 2. Determination of a **copulation** or an **act equal** to it
- Provision of material for traceological analysis biological traces
- 4. Provision of samples for toxicological analysis influence of alcohol, drugs and medicines
- 5. Provision of screening materials for **blood and** sexually transmitted infections
- 6. Determination of **psychological trauma**

PHYSICAL EXAMINATION OF THE VICTIM

The examination findings and indications of rape will vary and depend on the following factors:

- age of the victim
- the time interval since the attack
- previous sexual intercourse
- previous pregnancies, miscarriages and births
- first aid done to the victim
- vaginal douching
- bathing
- changes of clothing

PHYSICAL EXAMINATION OF THE VICTIM

- do not bath after the act of rape
- do not change clothes or take them with you
- The examination should be done as soon as possible
 - to preserve biological traces
 - that the injuries would not disappear they are usually slight and quickly pass without a trace (bruises, abrasions and contusions of the skin and mucous membranes)

The time interval elapsed from the committed sexual violence to the examination of the victim is critical for the findings, especially in relation to injuries of the genital organs

If the examination is not performed within the first 72 hours, the probability that genital injuries will be documented is significantly reduced injuries on the mucous membranes of the genital organs heal very quickly (biological traces may disappear) РЕПУБЛИКА СРБИЈА ВИШИ СУД У БЕОГРАДУ К.бр. / /2011 Дана, 29.11.2011. године Београд Савска бр.17-а

Court order for an expertise of the victim's injuries **7 years after the alleged rape**

Председник већа-судија

M

НАРЕДБУ

Одређује се вештачење телесних повреда оштећене Зл А које је задобила приликом извршења кривичног дела силовања дана 08.10.2004. године, а на основу медицинске документације у списима предмета.

Ово вештачење се поверава проф др Слободану Савићу, специјалисти судске медицине, који је дужан да у року од 30 дана од дана пријема наредбе достави налаз и мишљење у довољном броју примерака за суд и странке.

За тачност отправка тврди и оверава:

The primary clinical forensic assessment of complainants and suspects of sexual assault should only be conducted by doctors and nurses who have acquired specialist **knowledge, skills**, and attitudes during theoretical and practical training

CONTEMPORARY FORENSIC EXPERTISE IN CRIMINAL OFFENSES OF SEXUAL CRIMINALITY

Dr. Đorđe Alempijević

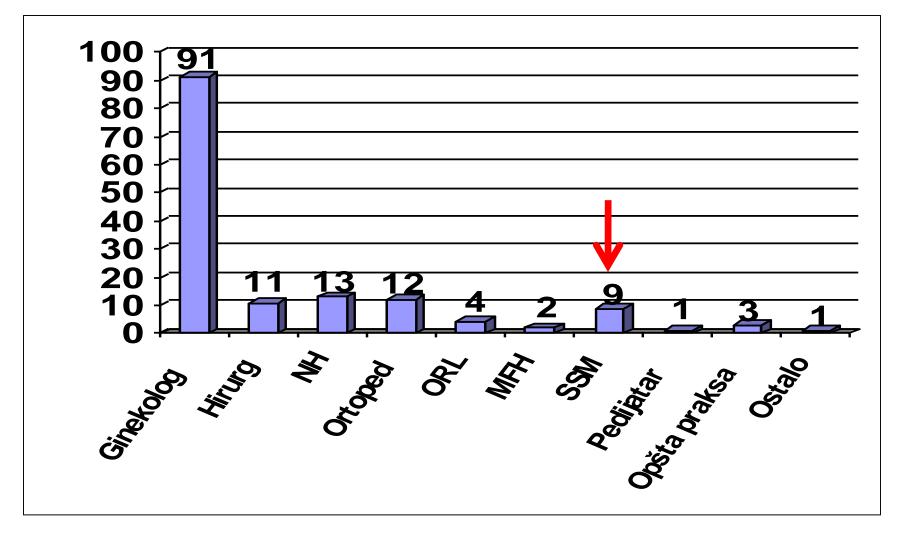
Doctoral dissertation, Faculty of Medicine in Belgrade, 2005.

Mentor: Prof. Slobodan Savić

Research of 113 cases processed in the District Court in Belgrade - analysis of court files, evidentiary proceedings and verdicts Poor quality of medical documentation - the examination was performed by untrained doctors

A common mistake - only a gynecological examination was performed without a general physical examination

failures in determining extragenital injuries



the frequency of engagement of doctors by specialty forensic medicine specialists are extremely rarely involved Impossibility of proving the crime of rape

PERPETRATORS ARE "PROTECTED" WITH BAD MEDICAL PROCEDURE IN PROVING SEXUAL VIOLENCE

RAPE IS DIFFICULT TO PROVE, AND IT'S EVEN HARDER TO DENY

Manchester United star Cristiano Ronaldo has been acquitted of raping two girls due to a lack of evidence, the **BBC** reports.



Consent to the examination is firstly obtained from the woman or, in the case of a child, from parent or guardian **INFORMED CONSENT**



Who should do the examination?

educated team - the best combination:

a specialist in forensic medicine - or another doctor qualified to adequately perform an external physical examination

gynecologist - gynecological examination

psychiatrist (psychologist)

- proving psychological consequences (threat)
- psychological help and support for the victim

 Best in one place to reduce examination time and avoid additional harassment of the victim

Avoiding secondary victimization unnecessary repetition of statements

Details of the allegation

- If the complainant has already provided the details of the allegation to another professional, e.g. a police officer, it is not necessary to repeat the details to the physician.
- The details of the allegation can be provided to the physician by the third party and then clarified, if necessary, with the complainant.
- It may be difficult for the complainant to describe oral and anal penetrative sexual assaults, and the doctor may need to ask direct questions regarding these acts sensitively.

COMPLETE PHYSICAL EXAMINATION of a completely undressed person

Confirmation of applied force

- diagnosed, described and photographed injuries
- the absence of injuries does not exclude rape by the use of force - multiple attackers fix the victim and prevent her resistance, a large disparity in strength between the victim and the attacker, a sudden attack

INJURIES

Extragenital

- scalp
- face around the nose and mouth due to gagging with a hand
- neck
- hands
- breasts
- belly
- inner thighs
- buttock

Genital – external and internal genital organs

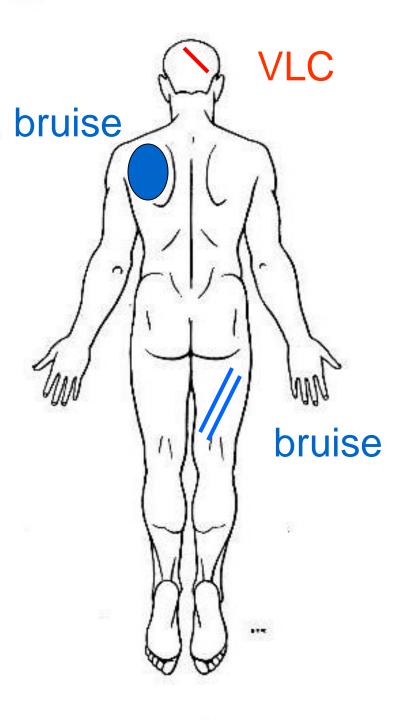
TYPE OF EXSTRAGENITAL INJURIES classification

Mechanical

- blunt trauma abrasions, bruises, contusions, lacerations
- cuts action of the blade
- stabs action of the spike
 the knife has both a blade and a point

Asphyctic

- covering the nose and mouth with a hand (smothering)
- squeezing of the neck with a hand or hands (throttling)



Diagrams

and photographs

should document

a physical examination

Photographing the injury with a scale (ruler)



Hair pulling

Examination of the head (scalp) is difficult when the victim has thick and long hair - minor bruises are difficult to determine

 Lack of hair strands - traumatic alopecia due to hair pulling

When pulling out a large number of hairs at the same time, avulsion of the scalp with the formation of bruises and blood extravasation can occur

pressure on the nose and mouth with a hand to prevent screaming and calling for help © Fotolia/detailblick External and internal injuries of the nose and mouth

C-1...-103



 bruises (oval, circular from the finger pads), abrasions (arched, linear scratches from nails), contusions,
 lacerations of the mucous membrane of the lips and gums, tooth injuries

linear semilunar abrasion caused by nail pressure



injuries that are medically slight and quickly pass without a trace

can be a diagnostically significant indicator of violence

strangling of the neck with a hand or hands

strangling the neck with hand or hands





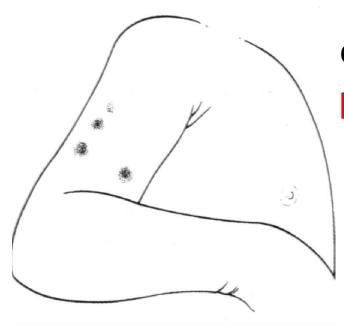


Petechial bruises on the conjunctiva, facial skin and mucous membrane of the oral cavity asphyxia Petechial bruises on the palate can indicate oral penetration









clenching the upper arms with hands bruises in the form of the finger pads or entire fingers

arrangement at capture





LIMBS



arrangement of fingers when grasping





skin abrasions dut to the hand tying



Bite marks may be found on the neck, shoulders, breasts, and buttocks from oral suction or biting

IDENTIFICATION OF THE PERPETRATOR tooth marks - forensic odontology remains of saliva - swab sample - DNA analysis



SERIOUSNESS OF INJURIES

(qualification)

- slight most often
- serious
- fatal

Extensive bruises all over the rape victim's body



Bruises on inner thighs from the violent spreading of the thighs

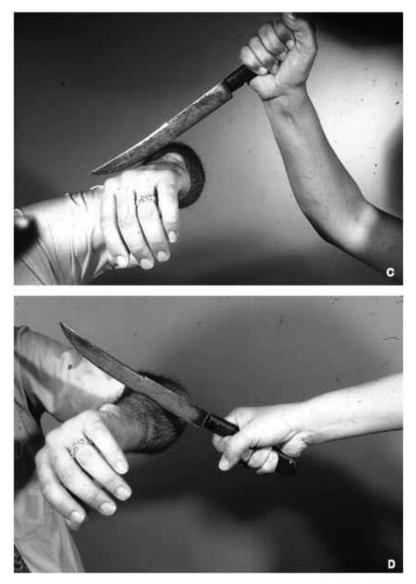
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Defense against attacker





ward off the weapon

grasping the weapon

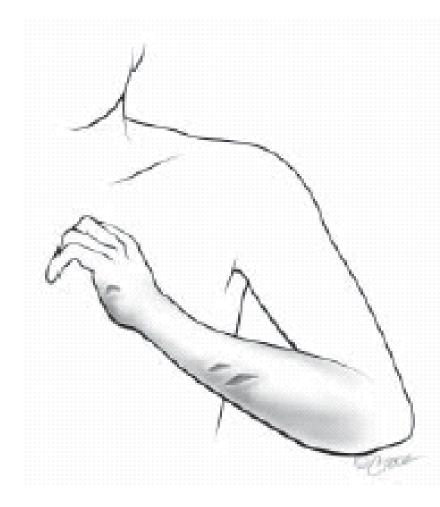
Defense injuries (bruises)



Defense injuries (incisions)



ward off the weapon



Defense injuries (incisions)



grasping the weapon



RAPE

victim

suspected attacker



the striped abrasions caused by fingernails of the victim defense injury on the attacker

a woman usually defends herself with her nails and teeth

Proving sexual assault

- Confirmation of recent sexual intercourse
 - signs of intercourse or deflowering
 - -the presence of seminal fluid on or in the body of the victim

GENITAL INJURIES gynecological examination

- Genital injuries are the most important evidence of sexual offences, and an examination should be performed in the correct order not to lose valuable forensic evidence
- Genital injuries do not necessarily occur in all cases of rape, so the absence of these injuries does not exclude rape
- Injuries of the external genitals bruises, abrasions, contusions, lacerations

bruise on the labia majora

S-0281 109

GENITAL INJURIES gynecological examination

Hymen - deflowering (defloration) due to the first penetration of the penis or an object of sufficient thickness to cause injury to the hymen



21.11.2005 The murder of a 13-year-old girl multiple stab wounds

The perpetrator, a 42-year-old man, previously convicted of raping a girl, suspicion of rape

intact hymen

there were no signs of sexual assault

05

Slaughtered a girl who wanted to help him



žrtava. Njihovi zločini šokirali su celu Srbiju. Najnoviji serijal "Alo!" predstaviće vam najveće srpske zlotvore u poslednjih nekoliko decenija.

19 puta u srce i leda! Devojčica je umirala, a svirepi ubica ju je pljačkao! Uzeo joj

u sudnici

Tokom izricanja presude Nikolić je pokazivao strašnu ravnodušnost. vratila iz škole krenuli su da je traže. U šiblju pored pruge unakaženo telo našao je devojčicin deda.

Nekoliko dana je trajala policijska po-

5/17/2007 Dragan Nikolić Čombe (44) was sentenced in the District Court in Belgrade to 40 years in prison with a combined sentence, because he killed T. I. (13) in Batajnica in a treacherous manner and for rape and unnatural fornication against N. S. (12) in Opovo.

It was undoubtedly established that Nikolić on November 21, 2005. on the road near the train station in Batajnica, killed T. in a treacherous way...when the girl came to help him, after he fell, he inflicted her 19 fatal stabs in the back and chest with a kitchen knife the judge said in the explanation of the verdict.

One of the cases, due to which in 2019, the sentence of life imprisonment was reinstated in the Criminal Code of RS



The previous crime occurred in June 2005, five months before the murder

He took the 12-year-old girl to the forest, beat and raped her while she was unconscious. The doctors found a ruptured hymen, a concussion and numerous bruises on the body. Special care is required to distinguish between a ruptured hymen and certain forms of intact hymen

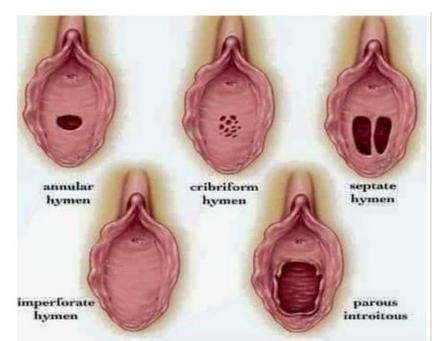


Hymen

shape: annular

- opening, edge
- rim

other forms (septus, fimbriatus, cribriformis)





Congenital incision

it does not cover the entire width of the rim from the edge to the base

Acquired tear

cover the entire width

Recent - 3 to 5 days

Old (healed)



Highly elastic hymen allows penetration into the vagina without creating a gap on the hymen rim anatomical finding of the entire hymen (if the hyperelastic hymen is excluded) is a sure proof that deflowering has not been performed

GENITAL INJURIES gynecological examination

- Internal genitalia injuries often absent
- Injuries to the walls of the vagina (bruises, abrasions, lacerations) occur more often (especially lacerations) in older women and children and when penetration is performed with an object
- Bleeding from the vagina raises suspicion of the existence of an injury
- Anus and its surroundings abrasions, bruises, fissures, splits

MISINTERPRETATION

OF FINDINGS AND INJURIES SHOULD BE AVOIDED

- Extragenital injuries from rough voluntary sexual intercourse - bruises on the neck, linear abrasions from fingernails
- Genital injuries can also occur during voluntary intercourse
- Reddening of the mucous membrane of the vagina – missinterpreted as an sure sign of injury
- Anal injuries can also occur with long-term constipation.

Physiological pigmentation of the skin around the anus misinterpreted as a sign of long-term violence and repeated anal penetrations



SELF INJURING - false accusation of rape after a voluntary sexual act - remorse, shame, fear of the family



A 30-year-old woman invented rape and maniac

IZMISLILA SILOVANJE I MANIJAKA Tridesetogodišnja Beograđanka M. N. mislila da će se njen bivši mladić sažaliti i vratiti joj se kada u novinama pročita strašnu vest

BEOGRAD - Tridesetogodišnja Beograđanka M. N. lažno je prijavila policiji da je u noći između nedelje i ponedeljka silovana na parkingu na Vračaru, misleći da će se tako pomiriti sa bivšim dečkom!

Devojka je, kako saznajemo, psihički bolesnik i smeštena je u bolnici "Laza Lazarević".

Kako nam je rečeno u policiji, izvršene su sve provere i lekarski pregled, nakon čega je utvrđeno da je devojka sa-



mu sebe povredila.

Kako nezvanično saznajemo, M. N. je u novinama čitala o slučajevima serijskih silovatelja, koji su poslednjih nedelja harali Beogradom. Želela je da i njen slučaj bude objavljen u medijima kako bi se bivši dečko sažalio na nju i vratio joj se.

M. N. je u ponedeljak oko 16 časova pozvala policiju i prijavila da ju je tokom noći manijak seksualno zlostavljao, nabijajući joj šaku u analni otvor na parkingu u Ulici cara Nikolaja Drugog. Ona je policajcima objasnila da ju je manijak najpre opljačkao, a potom se i seksualno iživljavao nad njom. Devojka je, čak, dala i opis napadača.

Pošto je obilno krvarila iz analnog otvora, pregledali su je lekari i utvrdili da je reč o samopovređivanju. Zasada se ne zna na koji način je sebi nanela povrede. Policiji je na licu mesta bilo sumnjivo što je M. N. tek nakon više od 12 sati prijavila ceo slučaj. Nakon toga je odvedena u stanicu, gde je ustanovljeno da je reč o lažnom prijavljivanju. (Z. N.)

A 30-year-old woman falsely reported to the police that she was raped in the parking lot



She read news in the newspaper about serial rapists who have been rampaging through Belgrade for the past few weeks. She wanted her case to be published in the media so that her ex-boyfriend would feel sorry for her and return to her.

> Kako nezvanično saznajemo, M. N. je u novinama čitala o slučajevima serijskih silovatelja, koji su poslednjih nedelja harali Beogradom. Zelela je da i njen slučaj bude objavljen u medijima kako bi se bivši dečko sažalio na nju i vrat10 101 se.

Since she was bleeding profusely from her anus, the doctors examined her and determined that it was a case of self-injuring. So far, it has not been determined how she injured herself.

Pošto je obilno krvarila iz analnog otvora, pregledali su je lekari i utvrdili da je reč o samopovređivanju. Zasada se ne zna na koji način je sebi nanela povrede. Policiji je na licu mesta bilo sumnjivo što je M. N. tek nakon više od 12 sati prijavila ceo slučaj. Nakon toga je odvedena u stanicu, gde je ustanovljeno da je reč o lažnom prijavljivanju. (Z. N.)

The police on the spot were suspicious that she reported the alleged rape after more than 12 hours. She was taken to the police station and it was determined that it was a false report.

Use of the threat

- Assessment of the existence and character of the danger is within the jurisdiction of the court
 - circumstances of the case (finding the knife)
 - psychiatric examination of the victim
- Discussion with the judge about the reddening of the mucous membrane of the vagina as a supposed sure proof of the application of a threat without the use of force in cases of rape

PROVIDING MATERIAL FOR TRACEOLOGICAL ANALYSIS

BIOLOGICAL TRACES

semen, saliva, blood, hair, epidermis

traces of the perpetrator on the victim traces of the victim on the perpetrator DNA analysis

- The victim's reference sample for DNA analysis swab of the buccal mucosa
- Swabs mandatory regardless of anamnestic data
 - external genitalia
 - internal genital organs
 - the posterior vault of the vagina and the external opening of the cervix
 - anus and perineum
 - oral cavity arches of the lips and walls of the oral cavity
 - others bites
- Undernail content or nail clippings
- Hairs scalp hairs, pubic hairs

Examination kits contain the necessary means to systematically collect biological samples







BLOOD Sample VIFM SECURITY SEAL

-M P

VIFM SECURITY SEAL 17613

Taking a swab from the surface of the skin bite

saliva

Orrin 40 20 30 V.I.F.M.

SEMEN - location

- sexual organs of men and women, alive or dead (swabs - spermatozoa can remain alive for several days after death)
- around the anus or in the rectum
- in the genital area, on the thighs and on other parts of the body
- In the oral cavity
- on the clothes of the victim and the perpetrator
- on objects from the environment

Is it sperm?

- proving acid phosphatase
- microscopic crystallographic sperm crystals
- **PSA** prostate specific antigen
- microscopic cytological presence of spermatozoa





one whole spermatozoon is sufficient and certain proof of the presence of sperm



A negative finding of spermatozoa and crystals does not rule out that it is sperm

- spermatozoa may be missing in case of azoospermia, due to old age, early youth, serious diseases, sterility, diseases of the sexual organs, frequent ejaculations
- spermatozoa may disappear from sperm (disintegration)
- sperm crystal formation may be hindered

- Is it of human origin?
- microscopically the shape and size of the

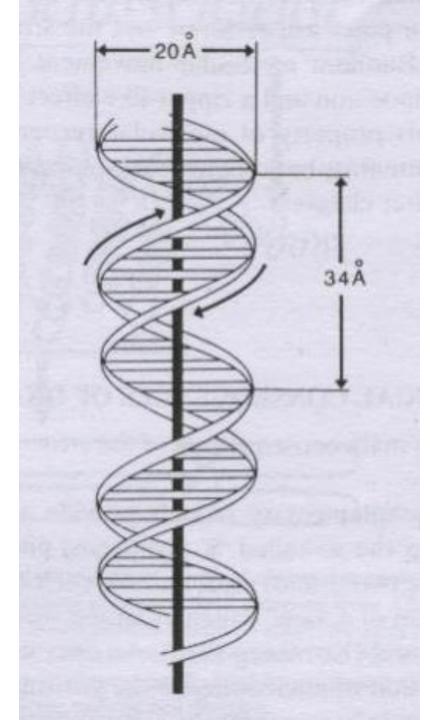
spermatozoa

- **precipitation** - specific human proteins

- From which person does it come?
- DNA analysis

The DNA profile of the sperm found in the rape victim can be compared to the DNA profile of the suspected perpetrator CERTAIN METHOD

Previously, in so called secrteros, only exclusion based on blood groups was possible



The birth of forensic genetics

Nov. 22 1983 Lynda Mann found dead FSS: Attacker has A blood type (like 10% of the population)



July 31, 1986 Dawn Ashworth murdered The raider also has an A blood type Richard Buckland arrested (and confessed) But he had blood type 0! Sir Alec Jeffreys conducts DNA analyses Buckland was INNOCENT

the science photolibrary science ph

All Leicestershire men have been typed, none of the profiles match the leads

Pub stories can be dangerous: Ian Kelly admits he gave blood instead of Colin Pitchfork

Undernail content or nail clippings

A A A COMPANY AND A REAL AND A RE

RAPE

victim

suspected atacker



under the victim's fingernails remains of the attacker's epidermis - DNA profile can be compared with the suspect's DNA profile

HAIRS

- the victim's hair on the attacker
- the attacker's hair on the victim
- hairs of the victim and the attacker on tools, clothes and objects from the environment

hair arrangement way of playing the event

IDENTIFICATION OF THE ATTACKER

- appearance of hair
- DNA analysis

EXAMPLE - a woman raped and beaten to death

During the autopsy, numerous strands of her long brown hair were found on the victim, but short gray hairs, identical to the perpetrator's hair, were found on the palm of her right hand. He stated that he held her by the hair and slammed her head on the floor, during which she defended herself and pulled his hair.

PROVIDING MATERIALS FOR TOXICOLOGICAL ANALYSIS

Influence of alcohol, drugs and medicines







PROVIDING MATERIALS FOR TOXICOLOGICAL ANALYSIS

- Blood and nasal swabs acute intake
- Urine acute and early intake
- Hair earlier intake (deposition of poisons)

- Retention of poisons in the body up to about 3 days (alcohol up to 24 hours)
- Only cannabis metabolites (tetrahydrocannabinol) up to 7 days
- Deposition in the hair

EXAMINATION OF THE VICTIM'S AND ATTACKER'S CLOTHES

Clothing must be properly identified, photographed and preserved after inspection.

- damages splits and defects
- biological traces blood, hair, saliva, semen
- traces of non-biological origin grass, earth, sand, etc. can be found on the body and clothes of the victim and the suspect, on the basis of which these persons can be connected with the place

PROVIDING MATERIALS FOR SCREENING BLOOD AND SEXUALLY TRANSMITTED INFECTIONS

Taking screening material

blood borne infections HIV, HBV, HCV

sexually transmitted infections (STDs) syphilis, gonorrhea, chlamydia, mycoplasma, ureaplasma

RAPE suspected attacker

victim



IF POSSIBLE, AN EXAMINATION OF THE SUSPECTED PERPETRATOR SHOULD BE CARRIED OUT AS SOON AS POSSIBLE



га прво силовање извршио је са 17 година

На корак до другог силоватеља

Баругом особом осумњиченом за силовање жене у лифту на Коњарнику, изјавио је јуче министар унутрашњих послова Ивица Дачић. "Ми трагамо и већ је идентификован човек који је починио силовање у лифту", рекао је Дачић новинарима у "Сава центру", а пренела Бета. "Када је реч о силовању, наша полиција максимално ради на проналажењу свих починилаца тих кривичних дела", рекао је Дачић, апелујући на припаднице нежнијег пола да пријављују све видове насиља над њима.

Према званичним подацима, у последњих неколико дана у Београду су силоване две девојке – једна у Делиградској улици, а друга у солитеру на Коњарнику. Због сумње да је пресретао девојке у слабо прометним и осветљеним деловима града и уз претњу ножем их присиљавао на полни однос, у петак по подне је у возу на релацији Београд–Панчево ухапшен Саша Мега (30), код кога је пронађен нож којим је претио девојкама. Како је јуче



За њим се још трага

саопштио МУП Србије, Саша Мега је "вишеструки повратник у извршењу кривичног дела силовања".

"Прво силовање је извршио 1996. године, као малолетник од 17 година, да би 1999. године поновио извршење истог кривичног дела", навела је полиција и додала да је и 2004. године починио силовање "на изузетно груб и понижавајући начин", због чега је осуђен на четири године затвора. Почетком септембра, по одслужењу казне у Казнено-поправном дому Забела код Пожаревца, Мега је пуштен на

слободу и убрзо потом наставио да врши нова силовања, наводи се у полицијском саопштењу. Међутим, како је јуче објаснио министар Дачић, Мега није повезан са силовањем у лифту у згради на Коњарнику.

Према незваничним информацијама, Саша Мега је јуче на саслушању у полицији признао неколико силовања извршених у Београду. Он ће данас бити приведен истражном судији Окружног суда. М. Албуновија



За њим се још трага

They are still looking for him. The Belgrade police are intensively searching for another person suspected of raping a woman in an elevator in Konjarnik.

Tasks of clinical forensic examination of perpetrators

- 1. Determining and documenting physical injuries
- The anatomical details of his genitalia and the determination whether the man is potent or impotent (in cases of alleged copulation)
- Provision of material for traceological analysis biological traces
- 4. Provision of material for **toxicological analysis** influence of alcohol and drugs
- Provision of materials for diagnosis of blood and sexually transmitted infections

DETERMINATION AND DOCUMENTATION BODILY INJURIES

a detailed description of the injuries, on the basis of which it is possible to draw a conclusion about the mechanism of the injury

an attempt to defend herself a woman usually defends
herself with her nails and teeth
- scratches, bites, on the
attacker's hands, face and neck



photo documentation of injuries

PROVIDING MATERIAL FOR TRACEOLOGICAL ANALYSIS

- The reference sample for DNA analysis swab of the buccal mucosa
- Swabs from the penis vaginal epithelial cells desquamated during intercourse can be identified on the penis up to 48 hours after intercourse
- Undernail content or nail clippings
- Hairs
- Biological traces originating from the victim hairs, blood, saliva, epidermis

Abrasion – covering the nose and mouth with a hand



Remains of the victim's epidermis under the fingernails of the attacker - DNA profile can be compared with the victim's DNA profile Mika Aleksić sutra ponovo na sud: Učitelj glume optužen za seksualno zlostavljanje sedam učenica već treći put iznosi svoju odbranu BRUKA! "MILENA RADULOVIĆ JE SVE INSCENIRALA KAKO BI BILA POZNATA": Mika Aleksić optužio glumicu da je sve izmislila iz osvete

Nekoliko devojaka, od kojih su neke maloletne, prijavilo je policiji da ih je silovao ili seksualno uznemiravao Miroslav Mika Aleksić, čuveni vlasnik škole glume. Jedna od njih je renomirana mlada glumica Milena Radulović (26), koja gradi karijeru i u Rusiji, gde je za godinu dana snimila film i dve serije.

Teacher of acting accused of sexually abusing seven female students

Seven girls, some of whom are minors, reported to the police that they were raped or sexually abused by the famous owner of the acting school **Reporting 9 years after the event** The suspect denies having committed these crimes How to pass judgment if there is no medical or other material evidence, but there are only contradictory statements of the defendant and the injured parties?

RAPE IS DIFFICULT TO PROVE, AND IT'S EVEN HARDER TO DENY



THE INTERPRETATION OF FINDINGS IN FORENSIC EXPERTISE

There is often difficulty in interpretation of findings in both clinical and forensic pathology practice. When only minimal evidence is present on the victim of sexual offence, the following questions need to be answered:

- 1. Is there any evidence of previous sexual intercourse at any time?
- 2. Is there evidence of recent sexual intercourse?
- 3. If recent intercourse has taken place, was it by force?

(1) Is there any evidence of previous sexual intercourse at any time?

Many varieties of hymen structures may be found in the adolescent female, ranging from nonperforated hymen to that with a large central opening.

An intact hymen determines the evidence of virginity, i.e. that defloration did not occur (with exclusions of hyper-elastic hymen). But, this does not exclude sexual activity, which does not affect the hymen. Short penetration and, technically, rape can occur from even the minimal passage of penis between the labia.

Evidence of old intercourse may be assumed from **healed tears of hymen** with "*caruncullae multiformes*" at the margins of the vaginal entrance.

Evidence of previous pregnancy, such as old damage to the cervix and breast changes is almost positive evidence of previous sexual intercourse.

(2) Is there evidence of recent sexual intercourse?

The **labia may be red and inflamed** with slight oedema of the vaginal entrance.

A recently ruptured hymen, with swelling, a raw unepithelialised edge, and bleeding may be found. Today, this is a relatively uncommon finding, except in children and previously virginal young persons.

The **presence of semen on swabs** is the best evidence, though with the use of condoms it may be absent.

(3) If recent intercourse has taken place, was it by force?

This may be all too obvious in the **presence of gross injury**, *especially in children*. Where vaginal or rectal tearing has occurred or where there is obvious abrasion, bruising, or laceration of the vulva, anal margins or perineum, then this can hardly be compatible with voluntary intercourse.

Where injury is relatively slight and confined to hyperaemia and oedema of the vaginal entrance and where abrasion and bruising of the vulva is slight, the possibility that intercourse was by force still exists. The possibility of sexually motivated assault without actual penile penetration must be considered when no semen can be recovered.

A severe damage can be caused by digital or instrumental trauma.

Interpretation of physical findings in persons who report that they have experienced sexual violence is one of the most difficult aspects of forensic practice

Despite the fact that the medical examination of the victim is only one part of the investigation, the public and many professionals, including many doctors, have unrealistic ideas about what conclusions can be reached after a medical examination

- Prejudice especially among professionals in the police and judiciary, that the absence of physical injuries, and especially genital injuries, in cases of suspected sexual violence indicates the victim's consent to sexual intercourse
- Based only on the presence or absence of genital and extragenital injuries, it is difficult to determine whether it was actually sexual intercourse with consent or without consent - a complete assessment of the case and all collected medical and non-medical facts is important.

THE ABSENCE OF EXTRAGENITAL AND GENITAL INJURIES MUST NOT BE INTERPRETED AS THE VICTIM'S CONSENT, THAT IS AS A FINDING THAT EXCLUDES THE CRIMINAL OFFENSE OF RAPE

THE PRESENCE OF EXTRAGENITAL AND GENITAL INJURIES IS NOT A SURE SIGN OF RAPE

SPECIFICITIES IN THE CASES OF SEXUAL VIOLENCE AGAINST CHILDREN

The physical findings of the medical examination constitute a small part of the diagnosis, since positive findings are usually minimal or absent.

The examination technique is not significantly different from the examination technique of adult victims, with the note that it is preferable that these examinations are performed by specially trained doctors.

- The examiners must be both familiar and comfortable with normal childhood behaviour and development, genital and anal anatomy, as well as physical findings of abuse.
- If several medical specialists are to be involved it is desirable that they should examine the child together. Joint examinations can be performed by a pediatrician, a gynecologist, and a forensic medical examiner.
- The examination should be carried out in the presence of a trusted adult, usually the child's mother.

 The whole child should be examined, and this includes measurement of height and weight, assessment of the general appearance, developmental milestones, demeanour and behaviour.

• As part of the physical examination, general **signs associated with trauma** should be sought, such as distribution and pattern of bruises, grip marks, 'love bites', teeth marks and scratches, as well as injuries within the mouth.

- In most situations, the disclosure involves past abuse and the examination can be planned to suit the child and family.
- Delay should be minimized in the following circumstances, when:
 - the abuse has occurred within the previous 72 hours;
 - there is a history of acute trauma;
 - there is a possibility of pregnancy resulting from the abuse, so that post-coital contraception can be prescribed.

TABLE 2.4 VULVOVAGINAL SIGNS OF ABUSE

Non-specific signs when seen within 72 hours of abuse

- erythema
- bruising
- superficial laceration/abrasion
- edema

Signs supportive of abuse

- notch/cleft in posterior hymenal rim, which may be associated with scarring
- scar in posterior fourchette
- hymenal opening> 15 mm due to attenuation of hymen

Signs diagnostic of penetrating injury

- fresh laceration of hymen
- old tear in hymen that may have healed with scarring and interruption of hymenal rim
- attenuation of hymen/disappearance of hymenal rim, usually posteriorly

TABLE 2.5 PERIANAL SIGNS AF ABUSE

Non-specific acute changes

- erythema
- edema
- fissures
- venous congestion
- bruising

Signs supportive of abuse

- anal laxity without other explanation
- reproducible reflex anal dilatation15 mm
- chronic changes, i.e., thickening of anal skin verge, increased elasticity and reduced anal sphincter tone
- bite marks

Signs diagnostic of blunt force penetrating trauma

- fresh laceration
- healed scar extending beyond anal margin on to perianal skin in the absence of a reasonable alternative explanation

There may be no physical findings in more than one-half of the children examined for suspected sexual abuse. The absence of physical signs neither confirms nor negates a diagnosis of sexual abuse.

The court must not require the expert to testify on legal issues, nor may the expert engage in this (on guilt, premeditation, etc.)

The gynecologist was an expert in the case of alleged rape. He persistently claimed that the bruises on the girl's thighs were caused by rape. When asked how he explains his categorical stance, he stated: "I think the girl is telling the truth and if she is my daughter, I would kill the villain".

The girl soon admitted that there was no rape and that she had injured herself by pinching, in order to accuse the young man of rape.

CASE REPORT FROM FORENSIC EXPERTISE PRAXIS

The order on conducting the investigation of the Higher Public Prosecutor's Office states that there is a suspicion that D.D. born on September 14, 1961, in the period from February 2021 to February 2022, in an apartment within the family house in Belgrade...using force and threats, forced the child, his granddaughter D.T. born on October 9, 2009. to have sex with him. In February 2021, in his apartment, he began to touch her on the body and began to remove her clothes and underwear, during which she resisted with her hands, but he overcame her resistance, then took out his penis and used it to penetrate the mouth of the injured child, so that after five minutes he ordered her to lie down on her stomach, then lay down on top of her and performed vaginal penetration with his penis, during which he ejaculated on the T-shirt that was next to the bed. At the beginning of February 2022, he again invited the victim to the apartment, ordered her to undress, to lie on her stomach, after which he performed vaginal penetration with his penis, during which he ejaculated into the cloth on the bed.

On March 9, 2022. when she was 12 years and 5 months old, D.T. was examined at the **Department of Child and** Adolescent Gynecology of the Institute for Maternal and Child Health Care "Dr. Vukan Čupić" in New Belgrade, by specialist in gynecology and obstetrics...In the anamnestic data, she stated that by her grandfather D.D. suffers sexual abuse. About a year ago, she came to his room at his invitation, he started touching her body, then he undressed her and himself and asked her to "do something with her mouth with his penis." He then told her to lie on her stomach, put his penis in her vagina and after about 3 minutes he "finished in the cloth". A month ago, the grandfather called her into the room again, touched her on the body, asked her to lie on his stomach, then they had a little longer contact, after which he "ended up in a rag" again.

Clinical examination of the body revealed no signs of fresh injuries. A good development of secondary sexual characteristics was established. External genitalia of normal appearance, well estrogenized. On the hymenal membrane, splits were found to the base at 2, 5 and 9 o'clock, as well as a split at 11 o'clock that covers more than 2/3 of the height of the hymen. Vagina with slightly more voluminous yellowish secretion. Palpation findings on the uterus and adnexa are normal on both sides. On inspection, the external anal sphincter is normal. A swab of the vagina and cervix, vaginal secretion and samples for microbiological examination (bacterial vaginosis, chlamydia, mycoplasma and ureaplasma) were taken. On the basis of information that the last physical contact occurred about a month before the examination, there were no indications for the taking of biological traces.

In the conclusion, the gynecologist wrote down that the gynecological findings clearly indicate that the girl had penetrative vaginal intercourse and that the examination established complete epithelialization of the hymenal membrane.

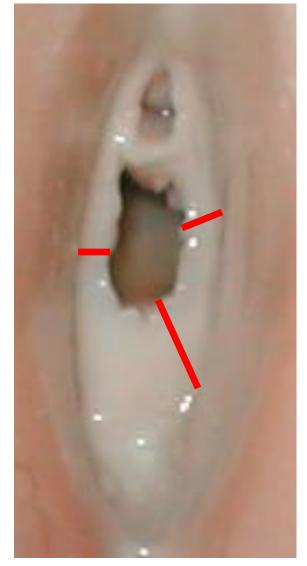
In the submitted case files, there is no information about the performed control gynecological examination and the results of the microbiological examination of the samples taken. **Questions from the expert opinion order:** It is necessary for medical experts to make a report in which they will determine:

- Did medical examination D.T. on March 9, 2022 show signs which indicate that copulation or some other sexual act, i.e. an act equated with copulation, was previously performed on her?

- If such signs were found, is it possible to determine the time when the sexual act first occurred, and whether it is possible to determine how long before the medical examination on March 9, 2022 the last copulation occured.

EXPERT OPINION gynecologist and forensic pathologist

I Gynecological examination D.T. on March 9, 2022, when she was 12 years and 5 months old, the presence of three tears was found on the hymen extending the entire width of the rim to the base, in the places that correspond to the numbers 2, 5 and 9 of the dial on the clock, without the existence of blood vessels and signs reactive inflammation, i.e. with signs of epithelization.



The appearance of the identified tears indicates that they were so-called **old (healed) tears of the hymen**, which **occurred at least 3 to 5 days before the gynecological examination**, which is a period of time sufficient for complete healing.

Therefore, the mentioned gynecological findings point with certainty to the conclusion that deflowering (defloration) occurred in her, possibly as a result of sexual intercourse, i.e. the penetration of a male penis into the vagina, but it could also have happened due to the penetration of another oblong, shaped object.

II On the basis of objectively established medical facts, it can only be asserted with certainty that the defloration took place at least 3 to 5 days before the gynecological examination on 3/9/2022, but it is not possible to determine more precisely the time (day and year) of deflowering. In this particular case, it cannot be ruled out that the defloration took place in February 2021.

It is not possible to determine how long before the medical examination the last copulation eventually occurred, but it cannot be ruled out that it happened at the beginning of February 2022, as stated in the order on conducting the investigation.

It is also not possible to rule out that in February 2021 there was penetration of the penis into the oral cavity of D.T. but it cannot be claimed that it actually happened.

May 17, 2022

REMINDER

- The time interval elapsed from the committed sexual violence to the examination of the victim is critical for the findings, especially in relation to injuries of the genital organs
- If the examination is not performed within the first 72 hours, the probability that genital injuries will be documented is significantly reduced injuries on the mucous membranes of the genital organs heal very quickly

- In the presented case, and in many other cases in medico-legal practice, the delayed physical examination of the rape victim and the assailant makes it very difficult, and often impossible, to collect objective medical evidence of the rape, related to genital and extragenital bodily injuries and biological traces.
- In such cases, the expert's answers to the questions of the procedural authorities are often in the form: "based on the available and objectively determined medical facts, it cannot be ruled out, but it cannot be claimed either...".
- Passing a guilty verdict is then very difficult, even when all the circumstances indicate that rape took place

97% OF RAPISTS WALK FREE

- In order to reduce this devastating number, it is extremely important that the media talk about rape and other crimes against sexual freedom much more than before, primarily with the aim of warning potential victims of the importance of timely reporting the case and an urgent physical examination.
- This is extremely important, not only in order to objectively prove the rape committed and to adequately punish the perpetrator, but also to provide the victim with appropriate medical assistance as soon as possible so that the physical and psychological consequences of the rape on her health are as minimal as possible.

Thanks a lot for your attention